Approved For Release 2003 2715, CA-RDP96-00788R001700230005-5

	IAGPC-G		19 August 1982	
		M FOR THE RECORD Information Briefing for Dir	rector, NSA (U)	
SG1I	for LT Ge	n Lincoln Faurer and selecte the Di <u>rector's Conference R</u>	O-1600 hours, an information briefing d members of his staff was con- oom HQ, NSA. The briefing Research and ed by DCG, INSCOM. Attendees were:	SG1 A
	NSA	LT GEN LINCOLN D. FAURER	Director	
				SG1I
		MR. ROBERT E. RICH	Deputy Director	
SG1I				
	DIA	DR. JACK VORONA	Assistant Scientific Director for Scientific & Technical Intelligence	
r	OACSI	BG ROY M. STROM	Deputy ACSI	
		MAJ GERALD FOX	GRILL FLAME Project Officer	

COL BILLY F. MILLER

2. (U) Briefing is attached as Inclosure 1.

INSCOM

CLASSIFIED BY MAJ DAMI-15H 0516303 Zue 78 REVIEW ON Que 2002

ADCSOPS-HUMINT

Approved For Release 2003/09/16: CIA-RDP96-00788R001700230005-5

NOT RELEASABLE TO FOREIGN NATIONALS

MFR

SUBJECT: Information Briefing for Director, NSA (U)

- 3. (U) Information presented in the briefing seemed to be accepted by the attendees. Examples in the project book stimulated some general questions all of which were answered.
- 4. (S/NOFORN) At the conclusion of the briefing LT Gen Faurer stated that his scientific panel had reviewed parapsychology in the past. Another review would be undertaken with three options: cease all interest, pursue the subject within the agency or join the DoD community. LT Gen Faurer indicated he would inform BG Strom when a final decision had been made.

l Incl

ROBERT J. JACHIM LTC, MI

GRILL FLAME Project Manager

CLASSIFICATION = 2003/09/16 : CLASSIFICATION SAO INTRO FRED

(SLIDE Ø ON)

I AM LTC JACHIM, PROJECT MANAGER FOR THE <u>INSCOM</u> PORTION OF <u>DOD PROJECT GRILL FLAME</u>.

THE PURPOSE OF THIS BRIEFING IS TO PROVIDE YOU WITH BACKGROUND INFORMATION CONCERNING INSCOM'S INVOLVEMENT

(SLIDE Ø OFF)

IN PROJECT GRILL FLAME. THIS BRIEFING IS DIVIDED INTO THREE MAJOR PORTIONS.

(SLIDE 1 ON)

FIRST, THE <u>HISTORY</u> OF INSCOM'S INVOLVEMENT AND THE ROLES OF DIA AND INSCOM IN THE PROJECT.

NEXT, A <u>DISCUSSION</u> OF REMOTE VIEWING AND <u>EXAMPLES</u> OF COMPLETED PROJECTS FOR WHICH WE HAVE RECEIVED THE REQUESTOR'S EVALUATION.

AND, FINALLY, A <u>REVIEW</u> OF TWO PROJECTS WHICH HAVE BEEN COMPLETED BUT NOT EVALUATED.

(SLIDE 1 OFF)

(SLIDE 2 ON) FIRST THE HISTORY OF INSCOM'S INVOLVEMENT. IN THE

FALL OF 1978, ACSI TASKED INSCOM TO DETERMINE IF

(SLIDE 2 OFF) PARAPSYCHOLOGY COULD BE USED TO COLLECT INTELLIGENCE

FOR OUR PURPOSES PARAPSYCHOLOGY IS DEFINED IN TWO MAJOR

CATEGORIES:

(SLIDE 2A ON) FIRST, PHYSICAL ACTIONS PERFORMED BY MENTAL POWERS

THAT CANNOT BE EXPLAINED BY KNOWN PHYSICAL MEANS.

THIS IS KNOWN AS TELEKINESIS OR PSYCHOKINESIS, AND

SECOND, PERCEPTIONS WHICH CANNOT BE EXPLAINED THROUGH

KNOWN SENSORY MEANS. THIS IS KNOWN AS ESP, TELEPATHY

AND REMOTE VIEWING.

(SLIDE 2A OFF)

SPECIFICALLY, INSCOM'S TASKING WAS TO DETERMINE IF

(SLIDE 2B ON) REMOTE VIEWING COULD BE USED AS A COLLECTION METHOD *

REMOTE VIEWING IS DEFINED, AS THE ABILITY OF AN

INDIVIDUAL, TO ACCESS INFORMATION PREVIOUSLY UNKNOWN,

WITHOUT REGARD TO TIME, LOCATION, OR ANY ATTEMPT TO

Approved For BEN 35e 200370 分子: CIA R P 96 0 1700230005-5

FCRFT GRILL FLAME

TO <u>MEET ACSI'S TASKING</u> INSCOM ESTABLISHED A

PROJECT TEAM UNDER THE ASSISTANT DEPUTY CHIEF OF

STAFF FOR <u>HUMAN INTELLIGENCE</u>. THE <u>CRITERIA DEVELOPED</u>

(SLIDE 2B OFF) -

TO DETERMINE IF REMOTE VIEWING WOULD BE A VIABLE METHOD WAS AS FOLLOWS:

(SLIDE 3 ON)

FIRST, COULD REMOTE VIEWING <u>BE LEARNED?</u> NEXT, COULD REMOTE VIEWING <u>BE APPLIED AS A COLLECTION METHOD?</u> AND, FINALLY, COULD REMOTE VIEWING <u>RESPOND</u> TO COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS IN A TIMELY MANNER?

(SLIDE 3 OFF)
(SLIDE 3A ON)

FIRST, COULD REMOTE VIEWING BE LEARNED: SRI INTERNATIONAL, AN ACKNOWLEDGED LEADER IN THE FIELD OF PARANORMAL RESEARCH, RELIED UPON ESTABLISHED PSYCHICS, WHO USED THEIR INDIVIDUAL ABILITIES TO REMOTE VIEW. INSCOM, USING THE PERSONALITY TRAITS AND CHARACTERISTICS COMPILED BY SRI DURING THEIR WORK WITH THESE PSYCHICS, SCREENED APPROXIMATELY 250 INTELLIGENCE PERSONNEL WITHIN THE BALTIMORE/WASHINGTON AREA, LOOKING FOR PEOPLE WITH SIMILAR CHARACTERISTICS. BASED ON SRI OBSERVATIONS, SUCCESSFUL REMOTE VIEWERS TEND TO BE CONFIDENT, OUTGOING, ADVENTUROUS, BROADLY SUCCESSFUL INDIVIDUALS WITH SOME ARTISTIC BENT. AFTER A SERIES OF SCREENINGS AND INTERVIEWS. NINE PEOPLE WERE SELECTED. THEY WERE A MIXTURE OF MILITARY AND CIVILIAN, OFFICERS AND ENLISTED, MEN AND WOMEN. AFTER ADDITIONAL INTERVIEWS WITH THE SRI

SCIENTISTS <u>SIX WERE SELECTED</u> TO GO TO CALIFORNIA:

FOR TWO WEEKS OF ACTUAL TRAINING. UPON THEIR RETURN

TO FORT MEADE THEY CONTINUED IN AN IN-HOUSE TRAINING

PROGRAM MODELED AFTER THE SRI TRAINING PHASE.

(SLIDE 3A OFF)

(SLIDE 5 ON)

AFTER THE PERSONNEL WERE LOCATED AND TRAINING HAD BEGUN,
THE NEXT QUESTIONS TO BE ANSWERED APPLIED TO THE SECOND
AND THIRD CRITERIA CONCERNING OPERATIONS. THAT IS,
COULD REMOTE VIEWING BE APPLIED AS A COLLECTION
METHOD? IF SO, WOULD THE INFORMATION BE OF REASONABLE
ACCURACY AND ACCEPTED AND USED BY THE INTELLIGENCE
ANALYST WHO RECEIVE THE PRODUCT. FINALLY, COULD
REMOTE VIEWING RESPOND TO COLLECTION REQUIREMENTS IN
A TIMELY MANNER?

(SLIDE 5 OFF)

WORK TO ANSWER THESE QUESTIONS WAS OVERCOME BY EVENTS.

(SLIDE 5A ON)

IN SEPTEMBER 1979, ACSI TASKED INSCOM TO LOCATE A

MISSING NAVY AIRCRAFT THE ONLY INFORMATION

PROVIDED WAS A PICTURE OF THE TYPE AIRCRAFT MISSING

AND THE NAMES OF THE CREW. WHERE THE AIRCRAFT WAS

OPERATING WAS NOT DISCLOSED. ON 4 SEPTEMBER 1979,

THE FIRST OPERATIONAL REMOTE VIEWING SESSION TOOK PLACE.

IN THIS INITIAL SESSION, THE REMOTE VIEWER PLACED THE

AIRCRAFT TO WITHIN 15 MILES OF WHERE IT WAS ACTUALLY

LOCATED. BASED ON THESE RESULTS, INSCOM WAS TASKED

TO WORK AGAINST ADDITIONAL OPERATIONAL TARGETS.

THESE TASKINGS FORCED A PREMATURE HALT TO THE INITIAL

TRAINING PHASE. IN DECEMBER 1979, THE PROJECT WAS

(SLIDE 5A OFF)

COMMITTED TO OPERATIONS

THE BACKGROUND OF INSCOM AND THE GRILL FLAME PROJECT
WOULD BE INCOMPLETE WITHOUT EXAMINING THE DIFFERENT ROLE
OF DIA AND INSCOM. SINCE THERE APPEARS TO HAVE BEEN
SOME BLURRING OF THESE DISTINCTIONS IN THE PAST.

(SLIDE 6 ON)

DIA IS CONCERNED WITH:

- ASSESSING THE THREAT, PRINCIPALLY FROM THE SOVIET UNION AND CHINA.
- DETERMINING COUNTERMEASURES TO ANY U.S. VULNERABILITI
- AND. DETERMINING THE POTENTIAL OF REMOTE VIEWING USING ESTABLISHED PSYCHICS.

DIA PERFORMS THIS FUNCTION PRIMARILY THROUGH CONTRACTS

AT SRI.

INSCOM IS APPLYING REMOTE VIEWING TO ASSIST IN ITS EVALUATION AS A COLLECTION METHOD. AND TO DETERMINE IF REMOTE VIEWING CAN BE LEARNED BY PROFESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE PERSONNEL WHO ARE NOT ESTABLISHED PSYCHICS.

OUR REMOTE VIEWING COLLECTION IS DONE WITH <u>ASSIGNED</u>

PERSONNEL. WE <u>CONTRACT ONLY</u> FOR SPECIFIC ITEMS

WHICH <u>ENHANCE OUR COLLECTION</u>, FOR EXAMPLE:

- WHICH TARGETING METHODS HAVE THE HIGHEST PROBABILITY OF SUCCESS.
- CAN THE <u>ACCURACY</u> OF A REMOTE VIEWER BE DETERMINED FROM AN ANALYSIS OF HIS STATEMENTS?
- CAN THE SRI NEW TRAINING TECHNIQUE INCREASE THE QUALITY AND RELIABILITY OF COLLECTION.

(SLIDE 6 OFF)

THIS COMPLETES THE BACKGROUND PORTION OF THE BRIEFING.

THE NEXT PORTION COVERS THE <u>ANATOMY OF A COLLECTION PROJECT</u>
AND PRESENTS <u>EXAMPLES OF RESULTS</u> FROM COMPLETED PROJECTS.

. .

(SLIDE 6A ON)

TYPICALLY, A PROJECT BEGINS WITH A REQUEST FOR INFORMATION ON A TARGET, WHICH IS NOT SUSCEPTIBLE TO NORMAL COLLECTION SYSTEMS, OR FOR CUING DATA TO TARGET OTHER INTELLIGENCE SYSTEMS.

BASED UPON PERSONNEL AVAILABLE, PRIORITY OF THE TARGET, AND THE POTENTIAL FOR PROVIDING REQUESTED INFORMATION, THE INSCOM PROJECT MANAGER MAKES A DECISION WHETHER TO ACCEPT OR DECLINE THE PROJECT.

MANY TIMES, EVEN THOUGH THE LIKELIHOOD OF OBTAINING THE INFORMATION IS NOT HIGH, THE PROJECT IS ACCEPTED SINCE NO OTHER INTELLIGENCE SOURCE HAD BEEN ABLE TO PROVIDE THE NEEDED INFORMATION. ONCE THE PROJECT IS ACCEPTED, THE FIRST TASK IS THE CONSTRUCTION OF A REMOTE VIEWING COLLECTION PLAN.

(SLIDE 6A OFF)

(SLIDE TON)

(SLIDE TOFF)

(SLIDE 8 ON)

THIS COLLECTION PLAN LISTS THE <u>ESSENTIAL ELEMENTS OF INFORMATION</u>

(EEI) AND THE <u>INTELLIGENCE INDICATORS</u> WHICH WILL ADDRESS THESE EEI.

ALSO LISTED ARE THE <u>TARGET TIME WINDOWS</u> FOR WHICH THESE INDICATORS WILL BE RELEVANT. THE COLLECTION PLAN ALSO SPECIFIES WHICH <u>REMOTE</u>

VIEWERS WILL BE USED.

THERE MAY BE MORE THAN ONE SESSION FOR A PARTICULAR PROJECT. SEVERAL SESSIONS MAY HAVE TO BE DONE TO ADDRESS ALL THE INDICATORS NEEDED TO ANSWER THE EEI. ** A REMOTE VIEWING SESSION IS A TEAM EFFORT THERE ARE TWO MEMBERS OF THIS TEAM.

SECRET

ONE IS THE <u>INTERVIEWER</u>, THE OTHER IS THE <u>REMOTE VIEWER</u>. THE <u>INTERVIEWER CONTROLS</u> THE SESSION. HIS JOB IS TO KEEP THE REMOTE VIEWER ON TRACK, TO <u>DIRECT</u> THE FOCUS OF THE REMOTE VIEWER AND TO <u>QUESTION</u> HIM ABOUT THE TARGET. THE <u>REMOTE VIEWER</u> IS RESPONSIBLE <u>ONLY FOR</u> REPORTING.

.

THE GOAL OF THE SESSION IS TO COLLECT INTELLIGENCE. TO DO THIS, GREAT CARE IS TAKEN TO TRY AND FORCE THE REMOTE VIEWER TO PRODUCE ONLY INFORMATION OF INTELLIGENCE VALUE. THIS IS DONE BY DENYING HIM OTHER SOURCES OF INFORMATION ABOUT THE TARGET. WE ALWAYS KEEP THE REMOTE VIEWER "BLIND". MOST TIMES THE INTERVIEWER IS ALSO KEPT "BLIND". SO HE WILL NOT INADVERTENTLY LEAD THE REMOTE VIEWER.

(SLIDE 8 OFF)

(SLIDE 9 ON)

AT THE START OF THE SESSION, THE INTERVIEWER PROVIDES THE REMOTE VIEWER WITH THE TARGET CUING DATA. THE REMOTE VIEWER HAS NOT SEEN THIS INFORMATION BEFORE, HE RECEIVES IT ONLY AT THE START OF THE REMOTE VIEWING SESSION TARGET CUING DATA MAY FALL INTO SEVERAL CATEGORIES. IT MAY BE GEOGRAPHIC OR UTM COORDINATES, AN OVERHEAD PHOTOGRAPH OF THE AREA, OR A PHOTOGRAPH OF AN INDIVIDUAL OR OBJECT. PERHAPS, THERE IS SOME REASON NOT TO GIVE TARGET INFORMATION TO A REMOTE VIEWER.

THE WAY TO OVERCOME THIS IS SIMPLY TO PLACE THE TARGET INFORMATION

IN A <u>SEALED ENVELOPE</u>. THE REMOTE VIEWER IS GIVEN THIS SEALED

ENVELOPE AND HE IS TOLD THAT THE <u>TARGET FOR: TODAY IS IN THE ENVELOPE</u>.

HE IS THEN SIMPLY ASKED TO DESCRIBE THE TARGET. ONCE THE REMOTE

VIEWER HAS THIS CUING DATA, THE TAPE RECORDER IS TURNED ON AND THE

SESSION BEGINS.

(SLIDE 9 OFF)

(SLIDE 9B ON)

AFTER THE SESSION, WHICH LASTS ABOUT 30 MINUTES, THE REMOTE VIEWER IS ASKED TO DRAW THE PERCEPTIONS HE HAD DURING SESSION. THIS IS IMPORTANT BECAUSE THE DRAWINGS MAY BE MORE ACCURATE OR SHOW A DIFFERENT PERSPECTIVE THAN THE VERBAL DESCRIPTIONS OF THE TARGET. AFTER THE DRAWINGS ARE DONE AND THE REMOTE VIEWER TALKS ABOUT THEM, THE REMOTE VIEWING SESSION IS COMPLETED. THE TAPE IS THEN TRANSCRIBED AND A TRANSCRIPT FURNISHED TO THE PROJECT REQUESTOR, AFTER THE PROJECT IS COMPLETED THE REQUESTOR PROVIDES AN EVALUATION. AS IN ANY OTHER TASK, FEEDBACK IS ESSENTIAL.

(SLIDE 9B OFF)

THE FOLLOWING GRAPHICS ARE <u>SUMMARIES OF OUR OPERATION</u> FROM SEPTEMBER 1979 THROUGH JULY 1982.

(SLIDE 10 ON)

NOTE THE COMPARISON OF SESSIONS TO PROJECTS. THE SPECIFIC <u>NUMBER</u> OF COLLECTION SESSIONS, <u>NECESSARY</u> TO MEET A PROJECT'S <u>REQUIREMENTS</u>, IS <u>BASED</u> UPON THE <u>REQUESTOR'S TASKING</u>. AS AN EXAMPLE, THE SUPPORT PROVIDED DURING THE <u>IRANIAN HOSTAGE</u> CRISIS COVERED AN <u>EXTENDED PERIOD</u> OF TIME AND RESULTED IN AN EXCESS OF 200 SESSIONS. OF THE 65 PROJECTS COMPLETED AND FULLY EVALUATED, OVER 50 PERCENT HAVE PROVIDED INFORMATION OF VALUE TO THE REQUESTOR.

(SLIDE 10 OFF)

(SLIDE 11 ON)

THE RESULTS OF EVALUATED PROJECTS ARE DEPICTED ON THIS SLIDE.

IT SHOULD BE NOTED THAT WHILE <u>ACSI</u> IS LISTED AS THE OFFICIAL REQUESTOR ON EIGHT PROJECTS, TWO PROJECTS WERE CONDUCTED IN SUPPORT OF <u>ARMY</u>

<u>MACOMS</u>, TWO WERE <u>COMBINATION</u> ACSI/INSCOM AND ANOTHER WAS THE MISSING NAVY AGE.

(SLIDE 11 OFF)

I WOULD NOW LIKE TO COVER OUR <u>PROJECT BOOK</u>. THE PROJECT BOOK

ACCOMPANYING THIS BRIEFING PRESENTS EXAMPLES OF INTELLIGENCE COLLECTED

THROUGH REMOTE VIEWING. PRIOR TO ITS REVIEW I WISH TO EMPHASIZE THE

FOLLOWING POINTS:

REMOTE VIEWING IS <u>NOT A MAGIC LAMP</u> AND IS <u>NOT A SUBSTITUTE</u> FOR CURRENT INTELLIGENCE WORK. REMOTE VIEWING IS A <u>HIGHLY CONTROLLED</u> AND <u>FORMALLY</u> ESTABLISHED, <u>UNIQUE INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION CAPABILITY</u> WHICH HAS THE FOLLOWING CHARACTERISTICS:

(SLIDE 12 ON)

<u>IT IS PASSIVE</u>

TO THE EXTENT OF OUR KNOWLEDGE, COLLECTION BY REMOTE VIEWING IS

TOTALLY PASSIVE. ONLY ONE CLAIM OF DETECTION OF REMOTE VIEWING IS

KNOWN. CHINESE SCIENTISTS CLAIM TO HAVE DETECTED REMOTE VIEWING

DURING THEIR EXPERIMENTS WITH CHILDREN. DATA ON THESE EXPERIMENTS

SG1B

12

INSUFFICIENT TO VALIDATE THIS CLAIM. WORK TO REPLICATE THESE EXPERIMENTS IS CONTINUING AT SRI.

IT IS INEXPENSIVE

THE <u>PRINCIPAL COST</u> OF REMOTE VIEWING COLLECTION IS THE PEOPLE INVOLVED. THERE IS NO EXPENSIVE HARDWARE, AND LASTLY,

THERE IS NO KNOWN DEFENSE

TIME, TARGET SIZE, OR DEGREE OF DIFFICULTY ALL HAVE NO APPARENT EFFECT ON COLLECTION BY REMOTE VIEWING. EVEN CONCEPTUALIZED PLANS HAVE BEEN COLLECTED AGAINST PRIOR TO THEIR ACTUAL IMPLEMENTATION.

(SLIDE 12 OFF)

REMOTE VIEWING HAS BEEN SUCCESSFULLY USED AGAINST <u>SEVEN CATEGORIES</u>

OF TASKING. FIVE ARE DESCRIBED IN THE PROJECT BOOK AND ARE COLOR

CODED FOR EASY REFERENCE. THEY ARE:

(SLIDE 13 ON)

- 1. PENETRATION OF INACCESSIBLE TARGETS (BLACK TAB)
- 2. SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY INFORMATION (RED TAB)
- 3. CUING OF OTHER INTELLIGENCE COLLECTION SYSTEMS (YELLOW TAB)
- 4. IMMINENT HOSTILITIES (BLUE TAB)
- 5. DETERMINATION OF NUCLEAR FROM NON-NUCLEAR TARGETS (GREEN TAB)

SECRE

AT THIS TIME TWO CATEGORIES:

PENETRATION OF INACCESSIBLE TARGETS.

AND THE CUING OF OTHER INTELLIGENCÉ COLLECTION SYSTEM.

DOMINANT

(SLIDE 13 OFF)

THERE ARE <u>TWO ADDITIONAL</u> CATEGORIES WHICH WE BELIEVE TO BE EQUALLY IMPORTANT, BUT FOR WHICH THE DATA BASE IS INSUFFICIENT. THEY ARE <u>HUMAN SOURCE ASSESSMENTS</u> AND ACCURATE PERSONALITY PROFILES.

(SLIDE 13A ON)

EACH EXAMPLE IN THE BOOK PRESENTS THE <u>ACTUAL TARGET</u>, THE <u>REASON FOR TARGETING</u>, AND THE <u>TARGETING DATA</u>. EXAMPLES OF VERBATIM VIEWER DESCRIPTIONS ARE PROVIDED WITH THE <u>ANALYSTS</u> COMMENTS TO THE RIGHT. ADDITIONAL PROJECTS WHICH ARE NOT DETAILED IN THE BOOK ARE LISTED IN THE APPENDIX.

(SLIDE 13A OFF)

AT THIS POINT I WOULD LIKE TO WALK YOU THROUGH TWO OF THE EXAMPLES IN THE BOOK.

PASI OUT BOOKS

(SLIDE 13B ON)	וֹכ
SG1A THE FIRST, UNDER TAB ONE IS	
THE <u>FIRST PAGE</u> CONTAINS THE <u>TARGET</u> , THE <u>TASKING</u> AND TAR	ÆΤ
SG1A <u>CUING DATA</u> .	
SG1A	

Approved For Release 2003/09/16 : 11-RD36-00788R001700230005-5

SERVE

SG1A	THE ANALYSTS COMMENT.	fand T			
SG1A					
SG1A	THE <u>NEXT THREE PAGES</u> ARE DRAWINGS DONE BY THE REMOTE VIEWER AND THE FINAL PAGE IS A	SG1			
(SLIDE 13B OFF)		A			
(SLIDE 13C ON)]			
[SAC]					
SG1A					
(SLIDE 13C OFF)	SG A	1			
(SLIDE 13D ON)	THE NEXT EXAMPLE IS UNDER TAB TWO,				
	AGAIN, THE FIRST PAGE LISTS THE <u>TARGET</u> , THE <u>TASKING</u> AND THE <u>TARGET</u>				
	CUING DATA. NOTE: IN THIS CASE, TO PRECLUDE EITHER THE INTERVIEWER	}			
	OR THE REMOTE VIEWER FROM KNOWING ABOUT THE TARGET PRIOR TO OR				
	DURING THE LIFE OF THE PROJECT, A PHOTOGRAPH OF				
	WAS PLACED INSIDE A <u>DOUBLE WRAPPED AND SEALED ENVELOPE</u> BY THE				
TASKING ANALYST. SG1 Approved For Release 2003/09/10 CAPTUP 96-00788R001700230005-5 A					

and the little of

THE SECOND PAGE CONTAINS THE REMOTE VIEWER'S PERCEPTIONS AND THE ANALYST'S COMMENTS.

THE FINAL FOUR PAGES ARE DRAWINGS DONE BY THE REMOTE VIEWER WITH

ANALYSIS COMMENIS ADDED IN RED.	4	SG1
PAUSE TOTEY REPU KLOK		A
Ellipsicarionik ere i 1998 - Producenja, campo yez edijenik materiali inden alimani inden alimani inden alimani		SG1
ON THIS PROJECT THE REMOTE VIEWER CORRECTLY ESCRIBED THE		Α
		

(SLIDE 13D OFF)

[POUSE]

(SLIDE 13E ON)

AS YOU REVIEW THIS BOOK, YOU MAY ASK ABOUT PROJECTS WHICH WERE

UNSUCCESSFUL. OUR ONLY DETERMINANT OF SUCCESS OR FAILURE IS

WHETHER OR NOT THE INFORMATION PROVIDED IS OF INTELLIGENCE VALUE, PAUSE

IT IS POSSIBLE THAT THE INFORMATION COLLECTED IS ACCURATE AND OF HIGH

QUALITY. BUT, IF IT IS OF "NO INTELLIGENCE VALUE", IT WOULD BE

CONSIDERED A FAILURE. HOWEVER, BECAUSE OF THE UNIQUE WAY THE

INFORMATION IS PRESENTED, THE ANALYSTS ARE REQUIRED TO REVIEW THE

DATA IN A NON-TRADITIONAL MANNER,

Approved For Release 2003/09/05 10 10196-00788R001700230005-5

	FOR EXAMPLE, IN SIX PROJECTS <u>INFORMATION FORWARDED</u> WAS INITIALLY	
	CONSIDERED INACCURATE. HOWEVER, ON LATER REVIEW IT WAS	
	DETERMINED TO BE CORRECT. IN ONE CASE, THE TASKER EVEN	
	ADMITTED <u>ERROR</u> IN HIS <u>CONTROL DATA</u> .	SG1 A
SLIDE 13E OFF)		SG1 A
		А
	(PRO TO WHILE THEY LOOK-	
	Andrew Commence of the Commenc	

Next 3 Page(s) In Document Exempt

THIS BRIEFING HAS COVERED THE <u>HISTORY</u> OF INSCOM AND
THE GRILL FLAME PROGRAM. <u>HOW WE BEGAN</u> IN THE
PROGRAM. AND SOME OF THE ACTIONS WE HAVE BEGUN
TO <u>IMPROVE OUR PRODUCT</u>. OUR <u>OBJECTIVES FOR THE FUTURE</u>
CONCERN:

SELECTION OF PEOPLE.

AND

INCREASE THE RELIABILITY OF REMOTE VIEWING.

IN SUMMARY:

VG 17 ON

THE COLLECTION OF INTELLIGENCE THROUGH REMOTE VIEWING HAS DEMONSTRATED ITS VALUE. REMOTE VIEWING IS A SUCCESSFUL COLLECTION METHOD (NOT AN EXPERIMENT). THE PROFESSIONAL INTELLIGENCE ANALYSTS WHO ASSIGN US PROJECTS, EVALUATE US ONLY BY THE INTELLIGENCE WE PRODUCE. REMOTE VIEWING SHOULD NEVER STAND ALONE, BUT SHOULD BE USED IN CONJUNCTION WITH INFORMATION FROM OTHER INTELLIGENCE SOURCES.

VG 17 OFF

VG 18 ON

REMOTE VIEWING IS <u>PASSIVE</u>, <u>INEXPENSIVE</u>. THERE IS <u>NO RISK</u> OF COLLECTION COMPROMISE.

VG 18 OFF

THIS CONCLUDES THE BRIEFING. ARE THERE ANY QUESTIONS?